## SOCIAL JUSTICE RESEARCH PAPER TOPICS

#### IMPORTANT HUMAN RIGHTS RESOLUTIONS

1948 UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights

2008 UN Resolution on Human Rights and Climate Change

2008 Organization of American States Resolution on Human Rights and Climate Change in the Americas

# **ACTIVISM**

Non-governmental Organizations [NGOs]: are they positive agents for change? Student activism

#### **ANTHROPOLOGY**

Traditional lifestyle of an aboriginal community Cultural differences and values Rights of indigenous populations

#### **BUSINESS**

Business Leaders Initiative on Human Rights BLIHR [United Nations]

Child labor

Domestic workers—illegal immigrants; fair wages and treatment

Effects of Globalization

Fair Trade

Corporate social responsibility in trans-national corporations

Human rights risk management in foreign investment—how a particular project might impact the traditional lifestyle of an aboriginal community

Environmental standards differ globally

Operating in zones of conflict

Socially responsible business practices: sustainability of resources

**Sweatshops** 

Workers' rights—migrant labor

## **CATHOLIC SOCIAL JUSTICE**

Access to food, clean water and shelter: a matter of justice

Community: promotion of the common good, e.g. education

Development of poor countries in an effort to alleviate human misery

Dignity of the human person from creation: abortion; euthanasia; the death penalty

Family-friendly economic policy—where does the US stand in this regard?

Global responsibility for alleviation of economic inequality

Human dignity: how poverty affects human rights

Marginalization of the poor

Pacifism, disarmament

Rights and their corresponding social responsibilities

# **CHILDREN'S RIGHTS**

Exploitation of children

Child soldiers in Uganda

Child workers enslaved on chocolate farms in Ivory Coast

Child workers in India

Human trafficking – prostitution

Right to free education

Right to adequate healthcare

### **CLIMATE CHANGE**

Climate change inequitably impacts developing countries

Help is needed to adapt to climate change—technology, policy, etc.

Effect of sea level rise to small island nations, e.g. Maldives; Vanuatu

Enable the most vulnerable states and populations to become more resilient to climate change by *mitigation and adaptation* 

#### **CRIMINAL JUSTICE**

Challenges of terrorism: extraordinary rendition, torture and unlawful detention

Crime victims

Death penalty / capital punishment

**Human trafficking** 

Police powers and human rights

Prisoners' rights

Racial profiling

# **DEVELOPING COUNTRIES**

Access to information—censorship; lack of technology

Access to technology takes international support

Guidance needed in adaptation of new energy sources/fuels—environmental impact assessments needed

Non-governmental Organizations [NGOs]: are they positive agents for change?

Role of private companies in technology transfer—will technology transfer advance or impede human rights protection?

#### **ECONOMICS**

Economics and human rights: in conflict or complementary?

Is economics at the service of human dignity?

Food and nutrition

Global commerce and its effect on local populations

Pharmaceuticals—equal access in all communities?

Poverty and inequality

### **EDUCATION**

Access to education: minority groups, the poor, refugees, migrant workers, and others Censorship of textbooks; rewriting history

Children with disabilities

Corporal punishment

The "Digital Divide": access to technology

Discrimination against girls or non-citizens

"Free or fee?" The right to free and compulsory primary education

Freedom from indoctrination

Global differences in attitudes towards the right to education

Impact of child labor or early marriage on education of children

Language of instruction

Impact of illiteracy on society

### **ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE**

Globalization vs. local ethnic identity

Indigenous populations

Forest-dependent economies in the Amazon

Bushmen of Southern Africa

Arctic peoples and climate change:

The Inuit of North America—legal battle: right to property being lost through global warming

Landfills—proximity to the homes of the poor

Industrial air pollution – how it often affects the poorest and most vulnerable

### FREEDOM OF SPEECH

Freedom of the press

Government censorship

Hate speech

Prisoners of conscience

"Reporters Without Borders" Reporters killed, jailed in

Africa, China, Russia, Turkey, Korea, Belarus, Mexico, etc.

# **GENOCIDE / ETHNIC CLEANSING**

Holocaust; Armenia; Cambodia; Rwanda; Kosovo; Darfur

## **GEOGRAPHY and SOCIAL JUSTICE**

Landfills—proximity to the homes of the poor

Industrial air pollution – how it often affects the poorest and most vulnerable

# **GLOBAL WARMING**

Carbon emissions trading—long-term effects on poorest countries—research needed

"Harm caused at a distance" —poorer countries need legal protections

Wealthy countries have responsibility to mitigate climate change and aid in adaptation abroad

# **GLOBALIZATION**

Globalization vs. local ethnic identity

Exploitation of local citizens

Inequality in world politics

Impact on human rights—does it lead to an unequal distribution of wealth?

### **HEALTH**

Access to food, clean water and shelter: a matter of justice Access to adequate healthcare Medical experimentation Rights of the disabled and the mentally ill

#### **HISTORY**

Theories and movements in the field of Human Rights
History and development of the idea in Western political thought
Non-Western attitudes towards human rights
Nuremburg and Tokyo war crimes trials
Post-Soviet human rights
Colonialism and human rights
Apartheid
Slavery

### INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT

Geneva Convention Truth commissions Universal jurisdiction

# INTERNATIONAL HOSPITALITY AND TOURISM

Ecotourism: leave no footprints; low impact; "green" hostelry Globalization of industry: how it impacts local populations

# **LITERATURE of Human Rights**

Writings of survivors, victims, witnesses – plays, novels, poetry, stories Imagery and symbolism

#### **MATH & SCIENCE**

Average wages worldwide
Bioethics: Biology and human values
Environmental justice
Fair trade, e.g., coffee and chocolate
Health professionals and human rights
Technology: absence of, in developing world

# **MINORITY RIGHTS**

Women, workers, racial/ethnic groups, the elderly, children, LGBTs, the disabled, the poor, immigrants

### **PERSECUTION**

Argentina's "disappearances"

Cultural differences and values
Homelessness
Immigrants' rights
Persecution on account of political opinion or social group
Race prejudice around the world

# **PSYCHOLOGY**

Aggression and violence

Causes and consequences of genocide

Conduct of research with human subjects—ethics

Conflict resolution

Consequences of detention on refugees

Duty and responsibility of the individual to the community

Ethics: interrogation of political detainees

Evil: personality and human cruelty

Impact of apathetic bystanders

Peace psychology

Human behavior toward the idea of climate change

Motivation: strategies to overcome inaction

## **REFUGEES**

Internally displaced persons

Victims of disasters: Earthquakes; Floods; Fires Hurricane Katrina and rights of African Americans The children of war: Uganda's Lord's Resistance Army Persecution on account of political opinion or social group

### **SOCIAL WORK**

Access to social services

Cultural competence

Homelessness

Inequalities in treatment

Rights of indigenous populations

Social policies

Violence against Native American women

### **SOCIOLOGY**

Access to education: minority groups, the poor, refugees, migrant workers, and others

The "Digital Divide": access to technology

Domestic workers—illegal immigrants; fair wages and treatment

Development of poor countries in an effort to alleviate human misery

Exploitation of local citizens

Global differences in attitudes towards the right to education

Globalization—does it lead to an unequal distribution of wealth?

Globalization vs. local ethnic identity
Impact of child labor or early marriage on education of children
Impact of illiteracy on society
Marginalization of the poor

Non-governmental Organizations [NGOs]: are they positive agents for change? Poverty and inequality

## **HEALTH**

Access to adequate healthcare
Right to adequate healthcare
Medical experimentation
Rights of the disabled and the mentally ill
Homelessness (should also be cross-listed under Social Work)
Race prejudice around the world

# **SPORT and HUMAN RIGHTS**

Gender equity
Paralympics
Race equity
Sport and protest

### **UNITED NATIONS**

Declaration of Human Rights 1948 – Internationalizing of human rights How far can it go in protecting human rights? Humanitarian intervention – Does it work without weapons?

# **WOMEN'S RIGHTS**

Crimes against women
Discrimination in health research
Domestic violence
Equal pay for equal work
Religious differences in attitudes towards women
Shari'a: rights of women in a modern Islamic state
Women's cooperatives

Access to credit and marketing arrangements

### **WORKERS' RIGHTS**

Clothing industry workers worldwide: sweatshops
Fair wages
Gender equity: equal pay for equal work
Migrant workers – exploitation
The right to form unions
Slavery – Florida's tomato workers